FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Dairy Management Inc. Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 With Reports of Independent Auditors



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Financial Statements

Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

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Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors Dairy Management Inc.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Dairy Management Inc., which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Dairy Management Inc. at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Dairy Management Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Dairy Management Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement



when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Dairy Management Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Dairy Management Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 8, 2025, on our consideration of Dairy Management Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Dairy Management Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Dairy Management Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ernst + Young LLP

May 8, 2025



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Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Directors Dairy Management Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards), the financial statements of Dairy Management Inc., which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"), and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Dairy Management Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Dairy Management Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Dairy Management Inc.'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Dairy Management Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ernet + Young LLP

May 8, 2025

Statements of Financial Position

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ 737,216	\$ 734,492		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful				
accounts of \$25,000 in 2024 and 2023	991,047	1,187,011		
Amounts due from related parties:				
National Dairy Promotion and Research Board	12,036,497	16,103,425		
United Dairy Industry Association	1,049,601	2,081,830		
U.S. Dairy Export Council	1,282,523	1,379,908		
GENYOUth Foundation	99,688	94,516		
Innovation Center for U.S. Dairy	12,826	27,589		
Dairy Research Institute	421	4,338		
Prepaid expenses	1,097,491	394,743		
Total current assets	17,307,310	22,007,852		
Other assets	49,178	48,548		
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation of				
\$3,641,531 in 2024 and \$3,741,393 in 2023	660,232	739,003		
Operating right-of-use assets	7,375,825	2,321,677		
Total assets	\$ 25,392,545	\$ 25,117,080		
Liabilities and net assets				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 15,280,492	\$ 17,234,614		
Accrued liabilities	1,739,846	3,331,839		
Operating lease obligations, current portion	1,321,465	1,353,795		
Amounts due to related parties:	1,021,100	1,555,755		
Dairy Research Institute	607,264	1,251,628		
Innovation Center for U.S. Dairy	258,720	227,286		
U.S. Dairy Export Council	866	20,898		
Total current liabilities	19,208,653	23,420,060		
Operating lease obligations, less current portion	6,183,892	1,697,020		
Net assets without donor restrictions	_	_		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 25,392,545	\$ 25,117,080		
See accompanying notes.				

Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023		
Revenues				
Program	\$ 111,837,457	\$ 125,647,077		
Core	44,411,408	43,648,298		
Contract services	9,417,437	8,965,981		
Total revenues	165,666,302	178,261,356		
Expenses				
Programs:				
Domestic marketing	127,090,988	143,218,809		
Export	23,740,840	21,143,001		
Contract services	9,417,437	8,965,981		
Total programs	160,249,265	173,327,791		
General and administrative	5,417,037	4,933,565		
Total expenses	165,666,302	178,261,356		
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	_	_		
Net assets without donor restrictions, beginning of year	_	_		
Net assets without donor restrictions, end of year	\$ –	\$ -		

See accompanying notes.

Statements of Cash Flows

	Y	ear Ended De 2024	December 31 2023			
Operating activities						
Change in net assets	\$	- \$				
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net						
cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		434,311	456,592			
Amortization of right-of-use assets		1,094,779	1,036,411			
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable, net		195,964	243,521			
Amounts due from/due to related parties		4,577,088	(2,138,158)			
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(703,378)	991,537			
Accounts payable	((1,954,122)	1,926,449			
Accrued liabilities	((1,591,993)	(864,979)			
Operating lease obligations		(1,694,385)	(1,325,112)			
Net cash provided by operating activities		358,264	326,261			
Investing activities						
Purchases of fixed assets		(355,540)	(144,990)			
Net cash used in investing activities		(355,540)	(144,990)			
Net increase in cash		2 724	101 271			
		2,724	181,271			
Cash, beginning of year	ſ	734,492 737,216 \$	553,221			
Cash, end of year	\$	737,216 \$	734,492			
Supplemental disclosure						
Noncash recognition of leases	\$	6,148,927 \$	57,511			

See accompanying notes.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024 and 2023

1. Organization

Dairy Management Inc. (DMI) was incorporated on January 1, 1995, as a joint venture between National Dairy Promotion and Research Board (NDB) and United Dairy Industry Association (UDIA). The purpose of DMI is to promote greater coordination, efficiency, and effectiveness and avoid incompatibility and duplication in the marketing programs and projects undertaken by NDB and UDIA. NDB and UDIA jointly plan, develop, and implement their various marketing programs and activities through DMI, subject to the oversight guidelines of the Agricultural Marketing Service of United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The collective programs and activities are called the Unified Marketing Plan (UMP).

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These principles require management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses in the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash

Cash includes checking and interest-bearing demand deposit accounts with financial institutions.

DMI has cash balances at a financial institution that exceed federal depository insurance limits. Pursuant to guidelines published by USDA's Agricultural Marketing Service, DMI's cash balances are reviewed daily by the financial institution in which the balances are held and are fully collateralized in U.S. Treasury securities at the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Net Assets

DMI classifies resources for reporting purposes based on the existence or absence of donorimposed restrictions. This is accomplished by classification of fund balances into two classes of net assets: without donor restrictions and with donor restrictions. Descriptions of the two net asset categories and the types of transactions affecting each category follow:

- *Without donor restrictions* Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. DMI has no net assets without donor restrictions at December 31, 2024 or 2023.
- *With donor restrictions* Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions that will be met either by actions of DMI or the passage of time. DMI has no net assets with donor restrictions at December 31, 2024 or 2023.

Financial Instruments

The carrying values of cash, accounts receivable, amounts due from/to related parties, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities are reasonable estimates of fair value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable, which consist of amounts due from UDIA state and regional members for expenses incurred in connection with program activities and from entities to which DMI provides management services, totaled \$991,047 and \$1,187,011 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets consist of computer equipment, software, furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements and are recorded at historical cost. Depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to charge the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over the assets' estimated service lives of 3 to 15 years using the straight-line method.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Leases

DMI primarily has leases for office space and office equipment. The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that DMI will exercise the option.

For any leases with an initial term in excess of 12 months, DMI determines whether an arrangement is a lease at contract inception by evaluating whether the contract conveys the right to use and control the specific property or equipment. Certain lease agreements contain purchase or renewal options. These options are included in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that DMI will exercise that option. Generally, DMI's lease agreements do not contain material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

Right-of-use assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent an obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Right-of-use assets and lease obligations are recognized based on the present value of future lease payments over the lease term at the lease commencement date. When determining the present value of future payment, DMI uses the risk-free borrowing rate when the implicit rate is not readily determinable.

DMI has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately. However, DMI has elected the practical expedient not to separate non-lease components for office space or equipment leases.

Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded as right-of-use assets and lease obligations in the statements of financial position. Lease expense for these leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

Contributions are evaluated to determine whether the contribution is conditional or unconditional. If the contribution is conditional, recognition is deferred until the conditions are met. If the contribution is unconditional, recognition occurs in the period the pledge is made. Program and core revenue are conditional and are recognized based on when expenses are incurred.

Contract services revenue and the corresponding expense are recognized when the accounting and management services are provided under various contracts.

Income Taxes

DMI has received a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service indicating that it is exempt from federal and state income taxes on related income under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code. However, DMI is subject to taxes on unrelated business income. DMI had no material unrelated business income in 2024 or 2023.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations or cash flows and are immaterial in nature.

3. Related Party Transactions

DMI is funded by NDB and UDIA on a cost-reimbursement basis. Marketing program costs include costs attributable to implementing DMI's programs, which are based on the annual UMP budget. Core costs include staff salaries and benefits, travel, board of directors' expenses, and office operating expenses. These costs are funded primarily by NDB, with UDIA funding one-half of the costs of the DMI chief executive office and the board of directors' expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

3. Related Party Transactions (continued)

NDB funded DMI program and core costs as follows:

	Year Ended December 31
	2024 2023
Program costs	\$ 77,657,447 \$ 90,688,067
Core costs	42,931,828 42,452,776
	\$ 120,589,275 \$ 133,140,843

UDIA funded DMI program and core costs as follows:

	Year Ended December 31						
	2024 2023						
Program costs	\$ 34,180,009 \$ 34,959,010						
Core costs	1,479,581 1,195,522						
	\$ 35,659,590 \$ 36,154,532						

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, amounts due from NDB were \$12,036,497 and \$16,103,425, respectively, and amounts due from UDIA were \$1,049,601 and \$2,081,830, respectively.

U.S. Dairy Export Council (USDEC) was incorporated in 1996 to improve the marketing conditions for the U.S. dairy industry with respect to the export of U.S. dairy products by promoting their acceptability, consumption, and purchase in international markets. DMI is the primary source of USDEC's funding, which was apportioned for the following purposes:

	Year Ended December 31
	2024 2023
Marketing programs	\$ 12,642,746 \$ 10,666,047
Core costs	11,098,094 10,476,954
	\$ 23,740,840 \$ 21,143,001

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

3. Related Party Transactions (continued)

GENYOUth, Inc. (GENYOUth) was incorporated in 2009 and was formed for the purpose of encouraging, monitoring, and assisting organizations in implementing youth-oriented health programs in schools and promoting healthy diet and exercise programs. DMI is a primary source of GENYOUth's unrestricted contributions, which are used to fund its operating costs. DMI provided to GENYOUth cash and contributed services of \$2,732,086 and \$2,761,298 in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Dairy Research Institute (DRI) was incorporated in 2010 for the purpose of dairy scientific research and sustainability advancement and operates under the oversight of DMI. For 2024 and 2023, DMI provided cash and contributed services of \$3,061,147 and \$3,444,171, respectively, to DRI for program and operational expenses.

Innovation Center for U.S. Dairy (the Innovation Center) was incorporated in 2008 for the purpose of fostering harmony, cooperation, and innovation through a pre-competitive collaborative forum of the dairy industry. The Innovation Center operates under the oversight of DMI. For 2024 and 2023, DMI provided cash and contributed services of \$1,004,285 and \$972,932, respectively, to the Innovation Center for operational expenses.

4. Functional Classification of Expenses

DMI's primary program activities, which serve to promote U.S. dairy products in domestic and international markets, are noted in the following table. Additionally, expenses reported as general and administrative are incurred in support of these primary program activities. Natural expenses attributable to more than one functional expense category or overall organizational operations are primarily allocated using headcount.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Functional Classification of Expenses (continued)

Expenses by functional classification for the year ended December 31, 2024, consist of the following:

	Reputation	Innovation	Sustainability	Farmer Relations	International Partnerships	Export	Impact Funding	Contract Services	General and Administrative	Total Expenses
Staffing and travel Operations and IT	\$ 10,442,429 1,961,029	\$ 10,864,459 1,619,476	\$ 7,635,763 1,424,166	\$ 3,912,432 735,270	\$ 159,488 239,858	\$ – –	\$ - \$ -	8,723,171 694,266	\$ 4,572,383 844,654	\$ 46,310,125 7,518,719
Promotional and professional services Research	23,018,797	14,055,341 14,502,527	10,125,777	1,681,105 _	3,959,544	23,740,840	-	-		76,581,404 14,502,527
Partnerships	5,482,457	1,381,068	1,031,852	125,975	774,368	-	_	-	-	8,795,720
Other	1,308,750 \$ 42,213,462	329,300 \$ 42,752,171	149,155 \$ 20,366,713	92,002 \$ 6,546,784	3,400 \$ 5,136,658	\$ 23,740,840	10,075,200 \$ 10,075,200 \$	9,417,437	\$ 5,417,037	11,957,807 \$ 165,666,302

Expenses by functional classification for the year ended December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

	Reputation	Innovation	Sustainability	Farmer Relations	nternational artnerships	Export	Impact Funding	Contract Services	-	eneral and ministrative	F	Total Expenses
Staffing and travel Operations and IT	\$ 12,245,751 2,275,828	\$ 11,010,314 1,904,721	\$ 6,760,430 1,657,078	\$ 1,770,891 774,029	\$ 139,637 176,054	\$ 	\$ _ \$ _	\$ 8,293,051 672,930	\$	4,073,930 859,635	\$	44,294,004 8,320,275
Promotional and professional services Research	25,350,082	18,410,072 13,636,848	12,543,703	1,617,964	8,422,929	21,143,001	_	-		_		87,487,751 13,636,848
Partnerships Other	8,808,189 1,465,591	960,243 318,124	1,145,500 254,206	95,484 96,567	1,300,997 2,377	-	10,075,200	_		_		12,310,413 12,212,065
	\$ 50,145,441	\$ 46,240,322	\$ 22,360,917	\$ 4,354,935	\$ 10,041,994	\$ 21,143,001	\$ 10,075,200	\$ 8,965,981	\$	4,933,565	\$ 1	78,261,356

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

5. Financial Assets and Liquidity Resources

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year for general expenditures were as follows:

	2024	2023
Financial assets:		
Cash	\$ 737,216	\$ 734,492
Accounts receivable, net	991,047	1,187,011
Amounts due from related parties	14,481,556	19,691,606
Total financial assets and liquidity resources		
available within one year	\$ 16,209,819	\$ 21,613,109

As part of its liquidity management, DMI has a defined practice to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures come due.

6. Transactions With Other Industry Organizations

DMI provides various contract services such as marketing, financial, IT, and administrative support at cost to Dairy MAX, Newtrient, Global Dairy Platform Inc. (GDP), National Milk Producers Federation (NMPF), New England Dairy and Promotion Board (NEDPB), New England Dairy Food Council (NEDFC), and California Dairy Research Foundation (CDRF).

The amounts charged by DMI for such services were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31							
		2024		2023				
Organization								
Dairy MAX	\$	7,263,408	\$	6,934,605				
Newtrient		1,140,428		961,216				
GDP		774,901		827,735				
NMPF		155,000		155,000				
NEDPB and NEDFC		78,600		82,325				
CDRF		5,100		5,100				
Total contract services	\$	9,417,437	\$	8,965,981				

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

6. Transactions With Other Industry Organizations (continued)

Additionally, DMI obtains economic research, communications support, and sustainability services from NMPF under annual contracts. Amounts paid by DMI to NMPF for these services were \$3,390,836 and \$3,475,198 for 2024 and 2023, respectively.

7. Fixed Assets

Property and equipment at December 31, 2024 and 2023, consisted of the following:

	2024	2023
Computer equipment and software	\$ 1,972,915	\$ 2,204,226
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements	2,328,848	2,276,170
	4,301,763	4,480,396
Accumulated depreciation	(3,641,531)	(3,741,393)
	\$ 660,232	\$ 739,003

During the year ended December 31, 2024, DMI disposed of certain computer equipment that were fully depreciated and no longer in service. The total historical cost of the disposed assets was \$534,173, with an accumulated depreciation balance of \$534,173, resulting in no gain or loss on disposal.

8. Leases

In November 2024, DMI entered into a new lease for office space located in Rosemont, Illinois. The expected move-in is fourth quarter of 2025. The following table is a summary of the weighted average remaining lease terms and weighted average discount rates of DMI's leases as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Weighted average remaining lease term	0.00	2.49
(in years) – operating lease Weighted average discount rate – operating lease	9.90 3.85%	1.25%
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurements of lease obligations: Operating cash flows for operating leases	\$ 1,385,468 \$	\$ 1,372,835

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

8. Leases (continued)

The future minimum annual lease payments under operating leases based on the expected term as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

2025	\$ 1,342,777
2026	226,980
2027	724,538
2028	611,571
Thereafter	6,846,031
Less remaining imputed interest	(2,246,540)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 7,505,357

DMI recorded operating lease expense of \$1,126,452 for the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024, and \$1,084,134 for the period from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023. The expense is recorded in domestic marketing and general and administrative expense on the statements of activities and changes in net assets.

9. Employee Retirement Plans

DMI participates in a UDIA-sponsored defined contribution plan, which covers all eligible DMI employees and employees of other UDIA members and industry organizations sponsored by UDIA. Under the terms of the defined contribution plan, DMI contributes an amount equal to its employees' contributions, up to a maximum of 3% of eligible compensation for all employees. DMI also contributes an additional 7% of eligible compensation, representing an unmatched contribution. DMI's contributions to the savings plan were \$2,331,173 and \$2,520,688 for 2024 and 2023, respectively.

10. Subsequent Events

DMI evaluated events occurring between January 1, 2025 and May 8, 2025, which is the date the accompanying financial statements were available to be issued. No events subsequent to December 31, 2024, have been identified that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

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